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THE DISPATCH COMPANY. Rejected communications will not be returned

WEDNESDAY ..... AUGUST 13, 1890.

Jeff. Davis Mansion Museum-The Confederate Memorial Literary So. ciety have organized, in accordance with the laws of the State, and made formal ap-

ed the use of the building which was during the war the residence of President We hope their request will be granted cordially and promptly. If there are any difficulties in the way let them be removed forthwith. There can be no obstacles which are insurmountable, and the ladies ought to be informed as soon as possible that the property will be transferred to

them by next June. Meantime the Council can proceed to build another home for Central public school, and the ladies can begin collecting first time in all their stringency, and a the material with which to fill the house. Just as soon as it is announced that they are to have the Davis Mansion for a public library and museum of Confederate relic contributions of money and articles identified with our history will begin flowing in heart-disease. He was found between 2 to them. We know of several gentlemen

lections to this institution.

Richmond will forever be an attractive federacy it will have an enduring celebrity and it is our duty to make it as attrac-

who purpose to give their own private col-

tive as possible.

But this is not the only aim of the Ladies' Association. They wish to assist in instructing the people of this generation. Here under this one roof can be assembled | useful public documents. the Confederate Memorial Literary Society and the Virginia Historical Society and the Southern Historical Society together with a great collection of books, paintings. has nearly collapsed. manuscripts, flags, emblems, uniforms, arms, ammunition, &c., relating to our un-

successful struggle for independence. Altogether it will be an object lesson for every person who visits it. It will be the repository to which every real student of the war will turn, and an enterprise that will do honor to the dead and to the

Let the ladies have the property.

One among the many contributions to religious literature that entitles Cardinal him fame. But during the greater part of 'great intellectual vigor gave him high standing and wide renown as a scholar.

the Church of St. Mary there. Having withdrawn from the Church of England in 1843, in 1846 he went to Rome and was ordained a priest, and on returning to England in 1848 he became head of the Oratory of St. Philip Neri at Birmingham. In 1854 he reserved at Birmingham. In 1854 he participal rector of the perly founded was appointed rector of the newly-founded Catholic University of Dublin. After four years spent there he returned to the Ora-Upon the accession of LEO XIII. to the

papal chair Dr. NEWMAN was raised to the dignity of cardinal-deacon. He continued to reside at Edgbaston, near Birmingham, where he conducted a school for the edueation of the Catholic gentry and supervised the affairs of his Order, and there he died the day before yesterday of pneumo-

His estrangement from the Church of England grew out of the famous Oxford or Tractarian movement inaugurated by the poet KEBLE and followed by his own High Church "Tracts for the Times." He was often engaged in controversy,

but such was the purity and benignity of his character that he commanded universal respect, and was on terms of affectionate intimacy with many who differed from him

His works are philosophical and give evidence of profound sincerity and prety, and made him a name known to all the Chris-

The London Times of yesterday devotes much space in its editorial columns to the

obeya. The most interesting chapter in our history closes with his death, and a life that bears strange testimony to the permanence of certain types in human nature becomes a part of the spast. Once more the world is reminded of the degree in which respect and love still attach to the saintly life when it is coupled with one or another kind of intellectual leadership. "Cardinal Newman is literally the last of his generation. Many of his old friends and colleagues he has long survived, others have but lately passed away, but he, to all appearance the most tragile of all, has remained till now.

"He liked the tactarians less; perhaps he understood them less than his eminent foreign contemporary, with whom one naturally compares him, Dr. Dollinger. The one is more interesting as an example of intellectual energy and critical alertness; the other as a poct, a mystic, and as thrice-refined example of the unworldly life.

"Will Newman's memory survive in the estimation of his country? Will his books maintain it? Of one thing we may be sure, that the memory of his pure and noble life, untouched by worldliness, unsoured by any trace of fanaticism, will endure, and that, whether Rome canonizes bim or not, he will be canonized in the thoughts of pions people of many creeds. In England the saint and the poet in him will survive."

The Lottery Bill.

The Lottery Bill.

The saint and the poet in him will survive."

The maint of it is to prevent the use of the mails for carrying to and fro money, circular, tickets, and schedules of drawings, and it provides a severe punisament as well for the sender as for the receiver. No newspaper with a lottery advertisement in it will be permitted to go through the mails. If the bill becomes a law and stands the set of the courts, it will be strietly and it will be permitted to go through the mails. If the bill becomes a law and stands the set of the courts, it will be strietly and it will be permitted to go through the mails. If the bill becomes a law and stands the set of the courts, i

If the bill becomes a law and stands the

love of the Union as a whole, as embracing every portion of our common country. Much is said about the reconstruction of the South and cultivating its loyalty. What is needed at the South is just as much needed at the North. Thousands of people in that highly-favored region need to be created anew so as to recognize the equality of the States, and their equal and common right to the local government, which it was the object of the Declaration of Independence and of the Constitution to secure."

They Would If They Could. There seems to be a growing disposition on the part of extreme Republican sena-tors to shut off debate; but, happily, they have not yet the power to put through a

Some of the members of their own party are determined to be heard on the tariff bill, and Mr. TELLER rightfully says it would be better for Congress to sit until December than to adopt a measure of such a magnitude without proper discussion. Mr. SHERMAN was quite saucy Monday about the alleged waste of time, but Mr. Vzsr compelled him to admit that the Re-

publicans were just as amenable to the charge as the Democrats.
Yesterday Mr. EDMUNDS, who has hither to been set down as an inflexible friend of free debate, offered a resolution limiting discussion on the tariff bill. It was laid on the table and ordered to be printed. Mr. BLAIR likewise appeared as a curber of discussion, and his motion was that the pre-

vious question should be allowable after any proposition has received two days' consideration. This was given the same direction as Mr. Edmunds's. At present the tariff tug in the Senate is

about all that the Republicans are able to standup to, and the force-bill seems to plication to the City Council to be grantclaim no great amount of attention. It appears that not only Jews but Lu-

therans and Catholics are to be persecuted under the Czar's "Jehad"—by which word a religious war is called. A large number of ecclesiastics of the two churches have been banished to Siberia by order of the local police authorities.

It is, however, against the Jews that the principal animosity of the imperial Gov-

ernment is directed. The atrocious laws of 1882 are now about to be applied for the persecution to begin that is almost without a parallel in history. The latest accounts make it clear that JOHN BOYLE O'REILLY died from and 3 o'clock on Sunday morning sitting

in his easy chair, with one hand resting upon a table, while in the other was a partly-smoked cigar. He was in the best place for tourists and other visitors. As the capital of the State and of the Con- when his wife retired. Not finding him by her side when she awoke she sought him to find him a corpse. We are indebted to Hon. EDMUND WAD-DILL, Jr., for a copy of the latest edition of

the Congressional Directory and for other The New York papers declare that the

strike on the New York Central railroad Morning.

To the Editor of the Inspatch:

To settle a dispute will you please say whether it is or is not morning immediate-ly after midnight. The question thus indicated is not so

easy to answer as it seems at first glance. Webster, for instance, defines the word morning as "the first or early part of the day, variously understood as the earliest hours of light, the time from midnight to noon, from rising till dinner, &c.," while Worcester says, "The time from dawn to the end of Newman to a place in history is the hymn the first fourth part of the sun's daily "Lead, Kindly Light." This of itself earned course above the horizon." The latter authority quotes Richardson as follows: the ninety years of his industrious and eventful life he was constantly engaged in preaching, lecturing, and writing, and the lish written moreus, moreum, mor auty and purity of his style, and his A. S. (Anglo-Saxon) as above (marne, margene, mergen, merigen, merien, morgen); and he believes them to be past tense A. S. yerb merjan, merrun, mirran, to disperse, to spread abroad, to scatter; morr, the ramber of the Gothic and rated express companies, and in response to inquiries stated that it applied to all unperships ford, and in 1828 was made incumbent of A. S. verb merian more and mer'n, marg-en, mar'n, morg-en, morn, or morewen, morew'n, mor'n. Morrow and morn, then, have the same meaning-viz., dissipated, dispersed, as clouds or darkness whose dispersion, or the time when they are dispersed, these words express. Morning, the pres. part. myrrende, Old English morewende (ende, as usual, converted into ing), as in Chaucer, morwening; thence morewing, morning, morning." Wor-cester, however, gives the meaning of the word morning in astrono my as "the first half of the day-from 12 o'clock at night till 12 at noon." For ourselves we are quite content to adopt as an answer to the question of our correspondent the definition given by Stormouth, the English authority, who is at present in

> all the part of the day before dinner." High Masonie Lore.

high favor among scholarly men every-where. This is as follows: "Morning

(Gothic, maurgins: German and Anglo-

Saxon, morgen; Icelandic, morgun, morn,

morrow; Walachian, murgu, gray; murgitu, twilight). The first part of the day; the

period from 12 at night to noon; in popular

much space in its editorial columns to the late Cardinal and says:

"A great man has passed away, a great link with the past has been broken. At ninety years of age; full of years, full of honor, but not of honors; in the obscurity of his almost private home, the great man receives his last summons and quietly obeys. The most interesting chapter in our history closes with his death; and a life that bears strange testimony to the permanence of certain types in human nature becomes a part of the past. Once more the world is reminded of the degree in which respect and love still attach to the saintly life when it is coupled with one or another kind of intellectual leadership, "Cardinal Newman is literally the last of his generation. Many of his old friends"

"How is a thirty-third degree Mason "In the day last leaves but one Mason of the thirty-third degree in Georgia. The indications just now are that Captain Fay's successor will be the Hon. Harry Stockdell.

Mystery surrounds the thirty-third degree of Mason of the thirty-third degree does not know his brother who sits upon the pinnacle.

"You see," said one of the best-posted thirty-threes know very little about it, and for many reasons don't care much to talk."

will be permitted to go through the mails. If the bill becomes a law and stands the fest of the courts, it will be strictly and successfuly enforced and will accomplish its purpose, because it will have the support of public opinion.

The Country's Need.

The Religious Hereld extracts from the R

A YOUNG COUPLE.

ALBERT, AGED 18, AND MOLLIE HOW ARD, AGED 14, ARE WEDDED.

Sunday-School Pic-Nic Off the Track-Danvillians Done by a Kettle Mau-A Home for Disabled Confederates.

[Special telegram to the Dispatch.] DANVILLE, VA., August 12.-Albert A. Howard, aged eighteen, and Mollie V. Howard, aged fourteen, procured a mariage license at the Clerk's office in this city to-day and were joined in the holy onds of wedlock this morning. They are residents of North Danville, are first cousins, have no father, but the mother on each side gave their consent to the marriage. This is the youngest couple ever married in these parts.

IN EXTREMIS. Mrs. Joseph W. Turbeville, of North Danville, is in extremis. She is a member of the Methodist church, a woman of a lovely Christian character, and will be missed by a large circle of friends and acquaintances, as well as by those in humble circumstances.

circumstances.
Dr. George B. Eager, of Anniston, Ala., arrived here this morning and spent the day among his many friends. He left for the Roanoke Association to-night.

METHODIST FIG.NIC.

METHOUST FIG.NIC.

The Main-Street Methodist Sunday school pic-nicked at Buffalo Lithia Springs to-day. They carried nine coaches filled. A message has been received that the train is off the track and the party will not arrive in the city until to-morrow morning. No one was hurt by the accident.

Rev. Mr. Lester, congressman from this district, preached in North Danville last night to a good audience.

General C. B. Feck, vice-president and general manager of the Atlantic and Danville railway, was in the city to-day on business connected with the company's property in this city.

The city's sewerage gang has run across a snag on Bridge street in the shape of a bed of rock. The ditch is also being flooded in the lower portion by water from the canal. It came in sorapidly to-day and the earth commencing to cave the laborers stopped and left in a hurry. No disaster is feared, however.

A CRUCIBLE-RETTLE SWINDLER.

A party purporting to be from Peoria,

A CHUCUBLE-RETTLE SWINDLER.

A party purporting to be from Peoria, Ill., and representing himself as agent of the Crucible Manufacturing Company of that place, with headquarters at one of Danville's china and glassware stores, has been taking in the people of this town and North Danville by selling them "crucible kettles" for preserving uses, etc. He sells them at reduced prices. After their delivery, and he gets away, the purchasers on examining the kettles find they are cracked and have been held together by strips of the fellow's advertisement pasted over the break. He has created a regular furor here, and one of the partners of the china house says he will help to pay for his capture and punishment.

The Loval-Street Baptist church (colored) gave a pic-nic and excursion to Clarkwille gave a pic-nic and excursion to Clarksville yesterday. On the return they got stalled on the road and did not arrive here until a few minutes before 5 o'clock this morn-

DULL TOBACCO MARKET. The leaf tobacco market is very dull, there being but little doing. Receipts of leaf are very light and sales get through in plenty of time for the buyers to get a warm dinner.
The work on the Main-Street Methodist

church is being rapidly pushed and it is now thought the congregation will be able to use the lecture-room before the cold weather sets in. The audience-room will hardly be finished in time to be used this side of Christmas. A PRAISEWORTHY OBJECT. The ladies are using their best endeavors to hold a fair this tall for the benefit of the old Confederate soldiers. The object is to establish a home here and to take care of those suffering from disease contracted during the war, and of those who have lost limbs and are unable to provide for the medical

CONGRESS.

The Tin-Plate Paragraph Continued-Mr. Daniel on the Question-House Proceedings.

(By telegraph to the Dispatch. ] Washington, D. C.. August 12.—The Senate got to business this morning without the proceeding usually necessary to compel the attendance of a quorum.

Mr. Hale reported back the House bill to extend the census-law so as to require information to be obtained from unincorporated errors companies, and in response to inquiries stated that it applied to all unincorporated express companies or co-partnerships, whether doing only local or
general business; that only some three or
four of the great express companies of the
country were incorporated; that over \$15,000,000 a year were paid annually by the
express companies to the railroad companies, and that it was very desirable that
the statistics of all express companies
should be obtained and incorporated in
the census returns. The information
would be obtained chiefly by correspondence and would apply simply to the extent
of their business and property and to the
amounts paid by them to railroad companies. Passed without amendment.
MOTIONS FOR A LIMITATION OF DEBATE.

MOTIONS FOR A LIMITATION OF DEBATE. Mr. Edmunds presented the motion for a change of the rules by limiting debate on the tariff bill, which he had offered at on the tariff bill, which he had offered at the time of adjournment yesterday, and it was laid on the table and ordered printed.

Mr. Blair also offered a resolution for such a change of the rules as will permit the previous question to be moved after a proposition has been considered two days, and the same disposition was made of it.

TIN-PLATES-AGAIN. The tariff bill was then taken up, the pending question being on Mr. Vest's amendment (offered yesterday) reducing the duty on tin-plates from 2 2-10 cents per pound to 1 cent per pound—the present

the duty on tin-plates from 2 2-10 cents per pound to 1 cent per pound—the present rate.

Mir. Morgan resumed his argument (begun yesterday) against the increased duty provided in the paragraph. He referred to the remark made last week by Mr. Edmunds that the tariff bill was the burning question of the hour, and to that made on the same occasion by Mr. Hawley—that the material interests of this country were suffering greatly from the jar caused by discussion of the bill, and said that he had construed these remarks into an expression of opinion by those senators that the bill was to be pressed to its passage or rejection and that nothing would he allowed to impede its progress. So far as he was concerned he coincided in that view of the case.

FULURE OF THE TARIFF BILL.

He sketched what he thought would be the outcome of the matter. The bill would pass the Senate. The House would refuse to concur in the Senate amendments, and a conference would follow. No senator on either side of the chamber could foresee the form in which the pending bill was even likely to become a law. When the conference will follow. No senator on either side of the chamber could frame a measure independently of the action of either house. They would bring it in in the nature of a surprise, and senators would then he so handicapped by the phrase, the time between dawn and the middle of the forenoon; in fashionable life,

He sketched what he thought would be the outcome of the matter. The bill would pass the Senate. The House would refuse to concur in the Senate amendments, and a conference would follow. No senator on either side of the chamber could foresee the form in which the pending bill was even likely to become a law. When the conference get together they would frame a measure independently of the action of either house. They would bring it in in the nature of a surprise, and senators would then be so handicapped by the standing rules of the Senate as not to be able to amend the bill in any particular. They would have to swallow it whole as it came from the conference, committee or else reject it entirely.

PROPOSITIONS TO LIMIT DEBATE.

Alluding to Mr. Edmunds's motion to

PROPOSITIONS TO LIMIT DEBATE.

Alluding to Mr. Edmunds's motion to limit debate and other propositions of like character, Mr. Morgan said that no Democratic senator desired to prevent the passage of the bill, and none of them had demurred to the Republican party shouldering the entire odium of the bill. They had merely attempted to have a free and full discussion of it—a discussion which had not taken place in the House, and which was choked off by the rules of that body and their administration. They wanted a free and full discussion, so that the people of the United States could see the nature and value of the objections which they had to urge against the adoption of features of the bill, each one being distinct, and each one containing in it an important enactment relating to the welfare of the people. That was all that they desired.

MR. DANIEL ON THE BILL. Mr. Daniel next addressed the Senate, He spoke of the proposed increase of duty on tin-plate as another step in the relent-less and inexorable war in which the Re-

barn and learned that \$75 of that sum went into the pocket of some capitalist who had not yet appeared, that farmer would be entirely content to pay a bonus. (This was said, of course, in a tone of sarcasm.) He protested that nothing but the spirit of monopoly and greed and grasping could inspire a bill to levy taxes on the people while the bill proclaimed in its forefront that the taxes were not needed for revenue.

MR. MOODY FOR PROTECTION. MR. MOODY FOR PROTECTION.

Mr. Moody addressed the Senate. He was opposed to a tariff levied exclusively for revenue on any articles except those of luxury. He regarded a tariff imposed indiscriminately on imports for the sole purpose of revenue as a tax, and as a vicious mode of levying a tax. But he was in favor of the imposition of a duty on foreign products that entered or might enter into successful competition with those of the United States for the specific purposes of protecting and promoting those of the United States for the specific purposes of protecting and promoting such production by the American people, leaving the revenue derived therefrom to be merely incidental. And he would gauge the duties to be imposed in proportion to the rate of actual labor involved, even going so far as absolutely excluding a foreign production couldit be successfully supplied by home labor.

COMING DOWN TO TIN. COMING DOWN TO TIN.

Coming down to the question of tin, Mr.
Moody said that be was advised by the
majority of the Finance Committee that
an amendment was to be offered imposing
a duty (on and after 1st of January, 1892,)
on block oxide of tin and on bar, block, and
pig tin; and he asked Mr. Aldrich whether
that was so.

Mr. Aldrich assented to the correctness
of the statement.

Mr. Aldrien assence to
of the statement.
Mr. Moody then went on to describe the
future possibilities of his own State in the
matter of the production of tin, iron, and
coal, and affirmed that whatever he could
do as a member of the national Congress
to constitute, create, or develop manufacturing industries in the West he would do. VANCE ON THE CANNING BUSINESS.

VANCE ON THE CANNING BUSINESS.

Mr. Vance spoke of the canning business as the largest industry in the United States, and as being increased daily among the people. The Farmera' Alliances were encouraging the establishment of small canneries wherever the situation and surroundings and farm products were favorable. The United States was the largest consumer of tin-plate in the world, the quantity imported last year having been 35,000 tons; and yet, instead of a reduction of the duty on tin-plates the duty was to be increased from 1 cent to 2 2-10 cents a pound.

COST OF THE TIN BABY.

COST OF THE TIN BABY.

That would make an annual tax on the people of the United States of \$15,000,000. If it took five years to establish the business in the United States, that would amount to a tax of \$75,000,000? He submitted that the tin baby was not worth so much. It was too much to pay for a little tin god on wheels.

The tariff bill was laid aside temporarily and Mr. Allison reported from the Appropriations Committee House joint resolution to continue the appropriations of last year for the support of the Government. It went over till to-morrow.

The tariff bill was again taken up, and debate on the tin-plate paragraph was resumed. COST OF THE TIN BABY.

sumed.

Mr. Gray added his voice to those who had appealed in behalf of the canning in-

dustry.

Without concluding, Mr. Gray yielded
the floor at 6:10 P. M., and the Senate, after a brief executive session, at 6:20 ad-

Mr. Cannon, of Illinois, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported a joint resolution extending temporarily until August 29th appropriations for the support of the Government not already provided for in general appropriation bills already passed.

vided for in general appropriation bills already passed.

In speaking to this resolution Mr. Rogers, of Arkansas, criticised the ruling made by the Speaker yesterday on the point of order raised by him. The Speaker's only reply was: "The attitude of the Speaker towards the gentleman from Arkansas has been consistent—that of polite endurance of what cannot be helped." [Applause on the Republican side.)

The joint resolution was then passed.

THE MATTER OF IRRIGATION AGAIN. THE MATTER OF IRRIGATION AGAIN.

Before the passage of the resolution Mr. Cannon explained that the appropriation items of the sundry civil bill had all been agreed to long ago. The only matter upon which there was still disagreement was an item of legislation put upon it by the Senate, which covered the land and irrigation system in nearly one half of the territory of the United States. This legislation was of far-reaching importance, and did not belong upon an appropriation bill. It was this legislation that had delayed the passage of the sundry civil bill and rendered necessary a further extension of appropriations. If this rider could be eliminated from the bill, or if the conference could reach some agreement upon it the bill could reachly become a law. reach some agreement upon it the bill would speedily become a law.

On motion of Mr. Cutcheon, of Michion motion of Mr. Cateness, of Managan, the Senate amendments were non-concurred in to the House bill for the establishment of a national park at the battle-field of Chickamauga, and Messrs, Grosvenor, Snider, and Wheeler of Ala-bama were appointed conferrees.

Mr. Dingley called up the motion (which has been pending for some time) to reconsider the vote by which the House passed the Senate bill to adopt regulations for preventing collisions at sea. He did this for the purpose of moving to strike out the inconsistent law words: "Except where local rules shall bereafter be adopted by the Board of Supervising Inspectors of Steam Vessels." Immediately after the passage of the bill it had been found, he said, that this exception was inconsistent with the true intent of the measure.

The vote on reconsideration stood— COLLISIONS AT SEA.

The vote on reconsideration stood— yeas 144, nays 8—no quorum. One hun-dred and forty-eight members were an-neunced as paired on this vote. Upon the call of the House a quorum was obtained. The motion to reconsider was agreed to, the Speaker counting a quo-rum.

Mr. Dingley offered his amendment striking out the exception, and it was agreed to.

On a motion made by Mr. Rogers to commit the bill to the Committee on Merchant Marine and Fisheries the quorum disappeared and a call of the House failed to disclose one.

THE ANTI-LOTTERY BILL. It Is Favorably Reported to the Senate from Committee.

(By telegraph to the Dispatch.) (By telegraph to the Dispatch.)

Washington, August 12.—The House anti-lottery bill was to-day favorably reported to the Senate from the Post-Office Committee, with an amendment providing that newspapers published in foreign countries shall not be excluded from the mails under the provisions of this bill unless it is the opinion of the Postmaster-General that they are being circulated for the purpose of advertising lottery schemes in violation of law.

A GHASTLY OBJECT. A Negro Watchman with His Throat Cut

from Ear to Ear-Arrests Made. (Special telegram to the Dispatch.)

(Special telegram to the Dispatch.)

NORFOLE, VA., August 12.—A negro watchman of this city, named William Green, employed on the schooner May Bell, carrying truck from the Western Branch to Norfolk, was found drowned this afternoon near the drawbridge, six miles from Portsmouth, with his throat cut from ear to ear, having evidently been murdered and thrown overboard. The corpse was a ghastly-looking object.

AREFETS MADE.

on tin-plate as another step in the releated less and incorable war in which the Republican party was engaged against the agricultural and producing classes of the country. It was so monstrous a grab—of a monopoly as yet uncreated, but pleading for a charter from Congress to plunder the people—that it should not go unchallenged. Tin-plate tax was one element of the conspiracy and combination of monopolists against the tillers of the soil. He did not wonder that there was anxiety on the Republican side of the chamber that the bill should slide through as soon as possible, and with as little said about it as practicable.

FARMERS, OF COURSE, LIKE TO PAY BONUSES. He had no doubt that if the western farmer, who, burned his corn for fuel because he could not find a market for it, and who was told in an official report of the Department of Agriculture that that was a legitimate use of corn, paid \$175 for the tin used in the roefing of his house or

THE HANOVER TROOP.

Tribute to General Wickham.

ELECTED BY ACCLAMATION.

ANNUAL REUNION OF THE OLD CAV-ALRYMEN AT ASHLAND PARK. officers Elected for Two Years-The Ban-

Many a wife has been unable to retain her hus band at home because her meals have not been such as he enjoyed. As a result, he would per-haps go to some cafe or his club to dine, where he was reasonably sure of securing palatable food. If the task has been so difficult for the quet and Speeches-The President's ASRLAND, Va., August 12, 1890. roop took place to-day at Ashland Park and was one of the most enjoyable meet-ings held in years. The old members were out in force, and though some of them bear the marks of age yet they were as bright and active as when they were under arms command took place in the dancing-pavilion and was very interesting. It was presided over by Captain D. A. Timberlake, with J. A. Brown, Esq., acting as secretary. After the regular business was finished the election of officers for two years took place. Captain D. A. Timberlake was nominated again for captain and president, but in a few well-chosen and appropriate remarks he declined, as he thought there should be rotation in office. Lieutenant T. W. Sydnor was also spoken of for president, but a letter from him written from the South showed that it would be impossible for him to accept.

ELECTED BY ACCLAMATION. command took place in the dancing-pa-

impossible for him to accept.

ELECTED BY ACCLAMATION.

Mr. C. A. Taylor was nominated for the office, and after several very complimentary addresses were delivered he was elected by acclamation. He at once took the chair, and after thanking his comrades for the high honor conferred proceeded with the election of the remaining officers, which were as follows: First Vice-President, T. W. Sydnor; Second Vice-President, T. W. Sydnor; Second Vice-President, T. W. L. Wingfield; Secretary, J. C. Cook; Assistant Secretary, J. A. Brown.

A letter was read from First Vice-President, Thomas and Secretary, J. A. Brown.

A letter was read from First Vice-President, Sydnor expressing his great regret at being unable to be with his old command, and also telling them it would be impossible for him to be present in the future if the annual gatherings continued to be in August. When the letter was read to the in August. When the letter was read to the in August. When the letter was read to the in August. When the letter was read to the minutes, and a committee of three comrades—W. J. Burford, J. J. Terry, and L. B. Vaughan—was appointed to communicate with Mr. Sydnor and find at what time he would be able to be present at the reunions and report to the President.

The mosting then adjourned to a very the most of the president.

The BANQUET.

The best grocers sell it.

SPECIAL SALE.

To close out the remainder of our stock of SUMMER GOODS this will be your last chance to but GOODS AT SUCH PRICES this summer.

All of our COTTON CHALLIES, that were 5c., 64c., and 85c. to go at 125c.
All of our full yard-wide CHALLIES that were 62c., 64c., and 165c. to go at 125c.
All of our fine EQTPTIAN MULLS, in dark and light, to go at 125c.
All of our OUTRGS to go at 185c.
All of our

THE BANQUET. 12%c; regular price 25c. All of our WINDSOR SATTEEN WINDSOR The meeting then adjourned to a very handsome banquet, which was thoroughly enjoyed by all present. Among the invited guests were Rosewell Pago, Esq., Hon. Henry T. Wickham, Hon. R. H. Cardwell, John R. Taylor, Peter Burton, Colonel A. J. Wingfield, Robert A. Carter,

TRIBUTE TO GENERAL WICKHAM. In the course of his remarks he made very touching allusion to the death of General Williams C. Wickham, his words of praise and honor to the late commander, brought tears to the eyes of many of his old men. He also spoke very feelingly of Captain W. Newton, the first captain of the company. Mr. Taylor proved by his remarks that he was the right man for the place to which he had been elected. The greatest amount of good elected. The greatest amount of good feeling prevailed, and when the time came to break up the old boys stood in a circle and sang "Auld Lang Syne."

THE ROLL OF HONOR.

The following is a full list of tho The following is a full list of those of the company who were present: D. A. Timberlake, ex-captain: C. A. Taylor, captain and president: Walter L. Wingfield, sergeant: J. C. Cooke, sergeant: J. J. Terry, corporal: J. H. Blunt, W. J. Binford, A. W. Brock, J. B. Brown, J. A. Brown, J. Calvin Bullock, W. E. Carter, John J. Crutchfield, T. B. Dunn, John L. Green, Thomas E. Gilman, John K. Lawrence, Robert Lee Priddy, J. H. Timberlake, C. A. Taylor, John Lewis Talley, John L. Talley, C. C. Taylor, L. B. Vaughan, F. E. Wright, D. F. Waldrop, Martin A. Waldrop, Peter W. Wingfield, Chastain R. Wingfield, and E. P. Winston.



Several bottles of Swift's Specific (S.S.S.) entirely cleaned my system of contagious blood poison of the very worst type. Wm. S. Loomis, Shreveport, La.

CURES SCROFULA EVEN

T HAD SCROFULA in 1884, and cleansed my

asystem entirely from it by taking seven bottles of S. S. S. I have not had any symptoms since.

C. W. WILCOX.
Spartanburg, S. C.

SSS HAS CURED HUNDREDS OF CASES OF SKIN CANCER.

Treatise on Blood and Skin Diseases mailed free. Swift Specific Co., Atlanta, Ga.

MEETINGS. GENERAL MEETING OF THE

A stockholders of the WARM-SPRINGS-VAL-LEY COMPANY will be held at the office of the company, in Pace building, Hichmond, Va., at 12 M. FRIDAY, August 23, 1830.

BEATS THEM ALL,
AND PROBABLY THE LAST,
GRAND EXCURSION-STRAMER ARIEL.
ONLY ONE BOLLAH HOUND THEP TO NORFOLK, OLD FOINT, and NEWPORT NEWS.
ONLY \$1.50 ROUND THEP TO VIRGINIA
BEACH.
NO TIMBLOST FROM BUSINESS.
SATURDAY NIGHT, August 16, 1299,
MOONLIGHT ON THE JAMES.
Look at this schedule: Loaves Richmond
Saturlay night, August 16th, at 10 o'clock sharp;
arrives at Newport News at 6 A. M., Old Point at
7 A. M., and Norfolk at 8 A. M. Leaves Norfolk
Sunday at 4 P. M., Old Point at 5 P. M., and Newport News at 5:29 P. M. Arrives at Richmond at
12:30 o'clock Sunday night. Tickets also good to
return the following Tues lay, August 19th, Ample
time Sunday to visit virginia Beach, Ocean View,
Hampton, Soldiers' Home, &c. Ladies' saloon
reserved for them exclusively. Elegant meals
and refressiments on steamer. Beats them all.
WE GO RAIN OR SULNE.

Ho! FOR SEVEN PINES.

The SEVEN-PINES RAILWAY COMPANY will run a SPECIAL EXCURSION

EVERY THURSDAY until further notice, leaving their station, Twenty-sixth and P streets, at 5:30 and 7:30 o'clock P. M. Leaving Seven Pines at 10 o'clock, arriving

in Richmond at 10:45 o'clock.

Music and dancing free. Swings, ten-pin alleys, &c. Refreshments at city prices. No improper characters will be allowed on the grounds. Good order will positively be maintained. Electric cars connect with this special train.
RICHMOND CITY AND SEVEN PINES RAILWAY COMPANY.

HORSES, MULES, COWS, &c. FOR SALE, A THOROUGHBRED SADDLE MARK-fifteen CAN
hands high-perfect in every respect. Six years
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BOOK AND JOB WORK NEATLY DISCHOOLS AT THE DISPACTS PRINT

HOW TO HOLD A BUSBAND. A Hint to Ladies About the Management of Men, from a Suggestion Made by the

Chief Steward of a Club.

wife how much more difficult must it be for the steward of the club or cafe, who caters to so many different tastes, and tastes that are so criti-cal. Perhaps the institution most noted for its fine cooking in America is the Union Club of New York. All manner of the most delicate dishes are there arranged and prepared. It may, dishes are there arranged and prepared. It may, therefore, be of futerest to ladies, as well as to proprietors of hotels in general, to know that the chief steward of the Union Club uses and recommends "Thepure" Baking Powder in the preparation of the various dishes where baxing powder is required. That it produces the fluest results with the most delicate of food shows conclusively its superior qualities, not only for purity, but for nower and excellence. It is a new powder and is being used by the best and most prominent neopie in the land. It has become remarkably popular entirely on its morits, for the lightest and whitest broad and cake are made where it is used, and it has many features unknown to any of the older powders. Its purity is beyond question, and the results it is accurring are often quite remarkable. Hemember that the name it bears, "Thepure," implies that it is a superior article. You can make a trial for a trilling cost and secure valuable satisfaction. The best grocers sell it.

19 27-eod

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TORCHON LAGES 1c., 2c., 3c., 4c., 5c., 6c., 7c.,
c., 9c., 10c., 12pc., 15c., a yard.
DARK SATTEENS to go at 54c.
Good KENTUCKY JEANS to go at 12pc.
Good HALE-WOOL CASSIMERE to go at 25c.
The best 35c. WHITE FLANNEL to go at 35c.
CANTON FLANNEL, real good, at 65c. and
9c., in pleached and unbleached.

bc, in pleached and unbleached. Gentlemen's LINEN COLLARS 5c.; CUFFS 19c. HAMBURG EDGINGS 4c., 5c., 6c., 7c., 85c., 1c., 12-, 15c., 194c., 20c., and 25c. Colored HAMBURGS, in red and blue, 4c., 5c., . 85c., and 10c.
MOURNING GINGHAMS 65c.
SILE FRINGE for table sears 125c. a yard.
CHINCH CHERRY BALLS for fancy Wor Fancy COTTON CROCHET TRIMMING Sc. for 6 yards. SWISS RIBBED LADIES' VESTS 10c. COTTON FEATHER STITCH BRAID (or bead-

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Everything in the nature of Summer Goods reduced to less than cost to close out prepara-ory to our removal. It will pay you to buy hese goods now even if you don't need them

LADIES' GOSSAMERS

in Connomaras, Newports, Langurys, etc.-all good styles. The \$4 quality reduced to \$2.50; the \$2.50 quality to \$2, and the \$1.50 quality to \$1. MARSEILLES CHIB-QUILTS—the 75c, quality reduced to 25c, CORSETS-about 100 pair broken sizes all clean, fresh goods-regular prices \$1, \$1.25, and \$1.50-your choice for 75c. BABY-CARRIAGES.

Now is the time to buy. We have only the "Whitney," which is the test in the world, and we have marked every one to about one half price to chess out. MEN'S FANCY LISLE-THREAD UNDER-SHIRTS and DRAWERS reduced from \$2.50 to \$1.79 a suit.

MIRKORS—Heavy Bevel French Plate Mirrors, with handsome metal frames. The \$1.50 size reduced to 98c.; the \$2 size to \$1.38; the \$3 size to \$1.38; the \$3.3ize to \$1.38; the \$3.3ize to \$1.34. CROQUET-SETS—Our regular \$1.50 Croquet-Set—S balls and mailets—all hard wood—reduced TENNIS-SETS-Every one marked to less than HAMMOCKS-Taxe advantage of our closing

oliday Goods. LACE-CURTAIN STRETCHERS and QUILT-FRAMEs combined. Every housekeeper needs one. Any lady can do her Curtains as nicely as they can be done in any laundry.

rices and you will save money.
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A satisfactory bond will be required of the successful bidder. The right to reject any and all proposals is reserved.

Plans, specifications, and all information to be obtained of Yarkfall & Govorfie Architects, No. 14 south Broad street, Philadelphia, Pa.

Secretary Goshen Land and Improvement Com-

Secretary Goshen Land and Improvement Com-au 10-6t CARRIAGER WAGONS, &c. ESTABLISHED 1814 H. BOSHER'S SONS.





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325 handsome Steel Engravings and Etchings with highly ornamental frames, oxidized, silver, gold, gold and white or oak, size 28x34 (ontside measurement) at \$2.48, less than one half value. Also, 200 more of those fine Engravings and Etchings, handsomely framed, size 25x

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100 dozen Rolling-Pins reduced to 2c. 70 dozen Enamelled-Handle, Patent Rolling-Pins reduced to 10c. worth 20c.; 35 dozen Towel-Rollers reduced to 10c.; Large Pastry-Board at 59c, worth 75c. ; No. 19 Household Clothes-Wringer re-duced from \$3.50 to \$2.48;

45 dozen Soap-Dishes reduced to 2c.;

10c.;
36 dozen German Spout-Strainers at 1c. Every size.

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Small Pill. Small Done. Small Price



45 dozen Soap-Dishes reduced to 2c.;
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28 dozen Substantial Flour-Sieves at 14c.
Bixby's Royal Shoe-Polish, 4c. per bottle;
20 dozen Japanned Bread-Boxes at 49c. worth 65c.; at 69c. worth 85c.;
285 Japanned Toilet-Sets, decorated or banded, at \$1.09;
60 dozen Wire Egg-Whips at 3c.—were 10c.;

fmy 14-W.F&Sulm1 HIRES'S BEER DRINK

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